

God, Religion, Faith, Myths or Belief

In a small community of people who believed in the power of prayer, a woman named Sarah came seeking help. The community prayed for her and witnessed a remarkable change in her life. They realized that prayer was not just a religious duty, but a way of life that could transform their hearts and minds. As they continued to pray together, ...

...they saw more miracles and answered prayers, strengthening their belief in the power of prayer. In the end, the community became a shining example of what can happen when people come together in faith and belief and learned that prayer is a powerful tool that can change lives and transform communities.

St. Aloysius by Pierre LeGros, Issued by Italy post in 1968 L 25



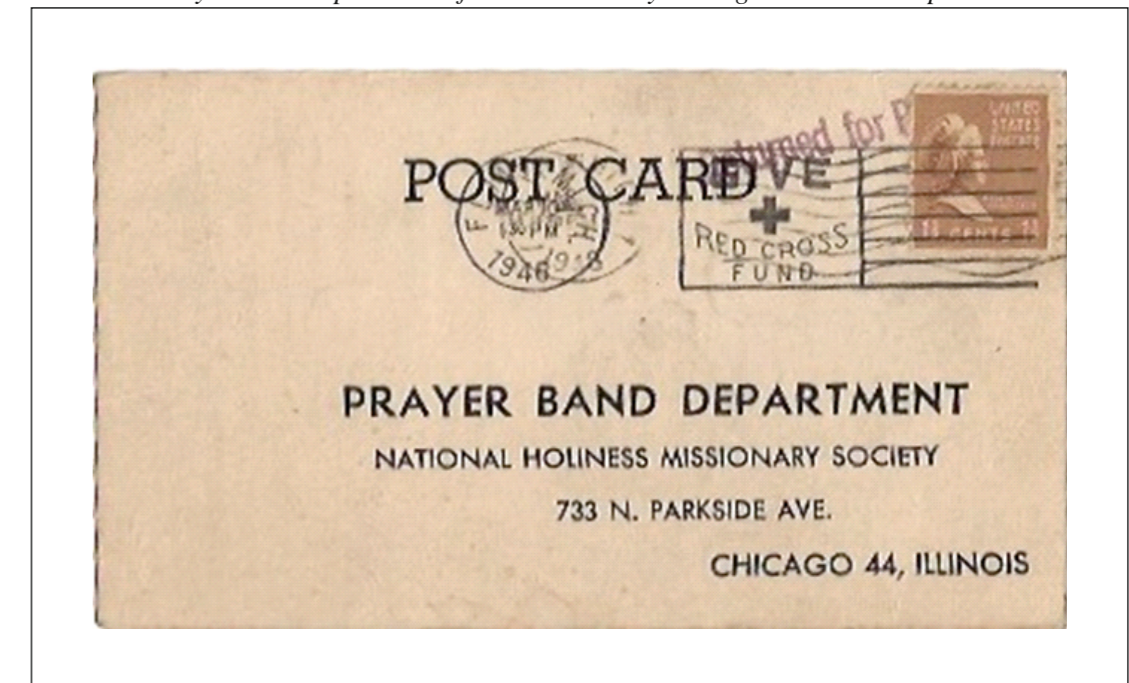
St. Aloysius (1568-1591) volunteered to care for the sick and disabled at a Jesuit hospital during the medieval period. His contributions helped hospitals evolve into places for medical and social care, which were previously provided by monarchs and churches.

Royal Mail, Stamp, Year 2008.



Frankenstein is often considered the first science fiction novel, on mad scientist, Victor Frankenstein with its gruesome portrayal of a man cobbled together from separate body parts, although the monster itself never given a name.

National Holiness Missionary Society Report card of meeting details. Matter sent by faithful Worker to Prayer band Department of Holiness society Chicago Illinois. Used post card 1946



Greek mythology and religion have the same gods with different qualities. They are connected through the cult and its images that represent the gods' presence in the worshipper's life. Myths explain the origins and rituals of the cult, including animal sacrifice, motives and prayer, regulated by sacred laws. Multiple divinities may be involved and shrines may have their own locations.

Psychology of Playing card. Learn Nervousness. Germany 1910 Medicine mint post card



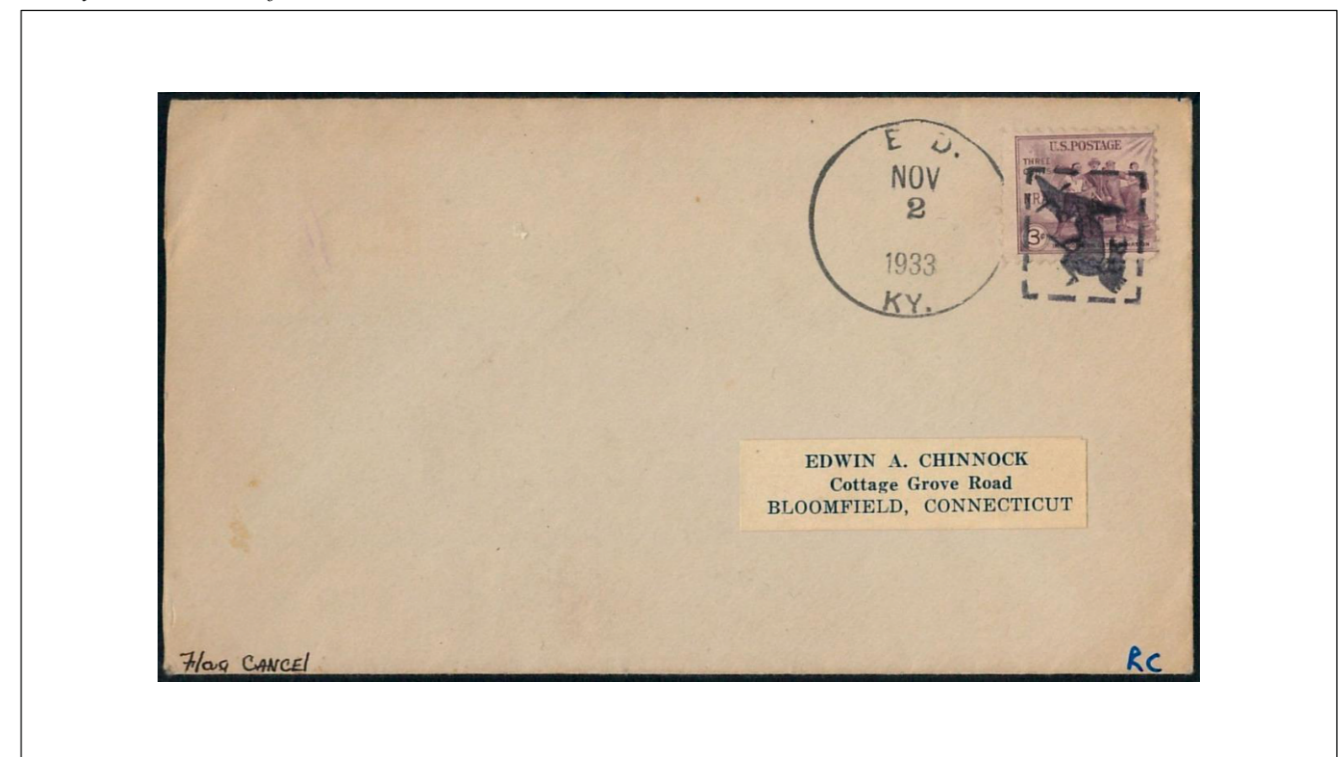
This antique postcard shows how psychics influence the mind through a card. Hold the card vertically for 34 minutes, focus on it, and a healthy person's hand won't tremble, with a cross appearing inside the circle while the heart disappears. Seek medical attention if it doesn't happen or if the hand trembles.

Canada Issue 2000 Mint Stamp



Witch Craft, I-suit Shamans religious leaders, tradesmen healer

Fancy cancellation of Witch, Owl and Cat. Year 1933. NY



In ancient history and some other countries had a belief system of treatment from such witch craft healer. This cover has a beautiful fancy cancellation.

Asylum Institution and hospital for Mentally ill.

In early America, mentally ill individuals were cared for by family or sent to alms houses or jails. The Quakers in Philadelphia opened the Pennsylvania Hospital in 1752, providing rooms in the basement to house mentally ill patients. A new Pennsylvania Hospital for the...

...Insane was later opened in a suburb in 1856, which remained open until 1998. Institutionalization became the preferred solution to treating mental illness, leading to the rise of modern psychiatric hospitals.

Rare and valuable, the Costa Rica 1926 'CHAPUI ASYLUM' San Jose Surcharged stamp is a scarce find. Originally worth 10 centavos, it was later surcharged to 15 centavos and features national symbols showcasing resourcefulness in times of scarcity.



Its bicentenary was commemorated with a postage stamp by the Department of India Post.



The Institute of Mental Health in Madras began as a private institution in 1794 for mentally ill Europeans. Later govt. modernised in the seventies, and now serves as one of India's largest mental health facilities. The centre provides specialised care and is also an academic hub.

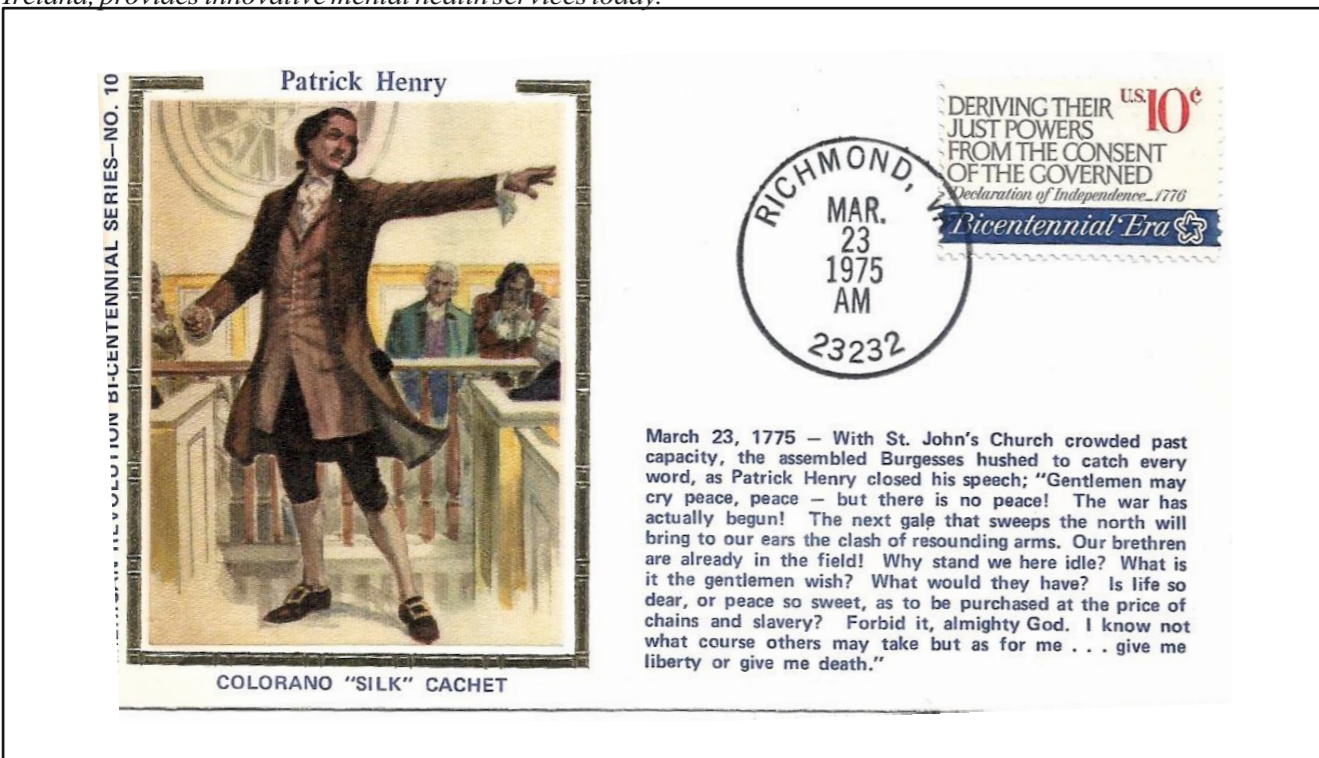
1923-Long Gove MH LCC perfin stamp undelivered letter to sender, Cover has engraved stamp at the back.



Long Grove Asylum opened in 1907 with all necessary facilities but closed in 1982 after downsizing due to community care in the 1980s.

Healthcare access and status for migrants and refugees in Europe are variable, with mental health being a significant concern due to stress from resettlement and discrimination. More research is needed to understand their views and barriers to healthcare. Poor living conditions during migration increase the risk of food and waterborne diseases. Older migrants require more attention for preventive and long-term care.

Patrick Henry was an American Attorney, Planter, Politician & Orator. His wife Sarah for his mentally ill wife in the 18th century marked the beginning of mental health care reforms. St. Patrick's Hospital, the first psychiatric hospital in Ireland, provides innovative mental health services today.



Patrick Henry –silk Cachet cover -23rd March -1975/. post mark Richmond. VV, US. Depicted one of his famous speeches.

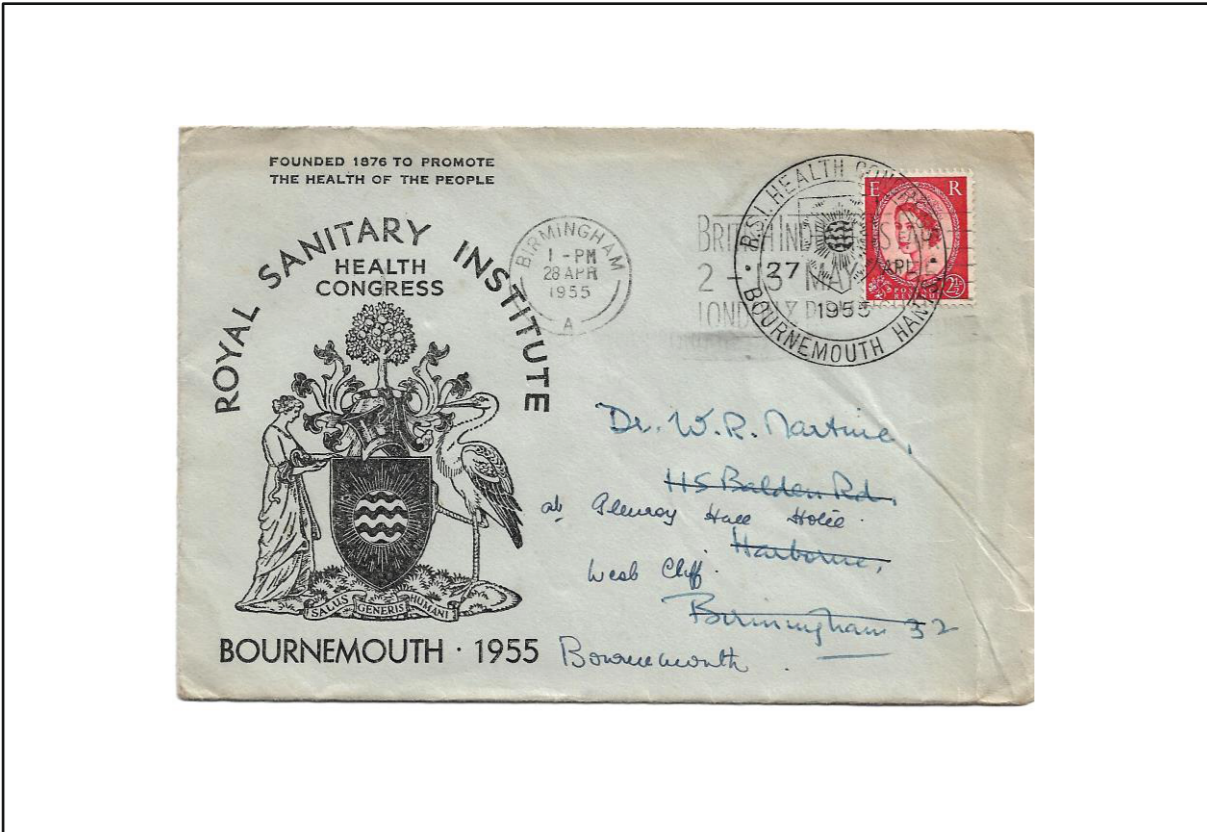
Postal history used cover, 1914.



Rare Postal Mailing Card 1914 from Patient at Luzern Country Retreat poor house Mental Hospital, now a state prison 19th Oct-1914 McKinley postal Mailing Card sent from Patient at Luzern country poor House /mental Hospital 1914 in as pictured condition.

Asylum Institution and hospital for Mentally ill.

1955 cancelation of Bournemouth, another cancellation of Birmingham.



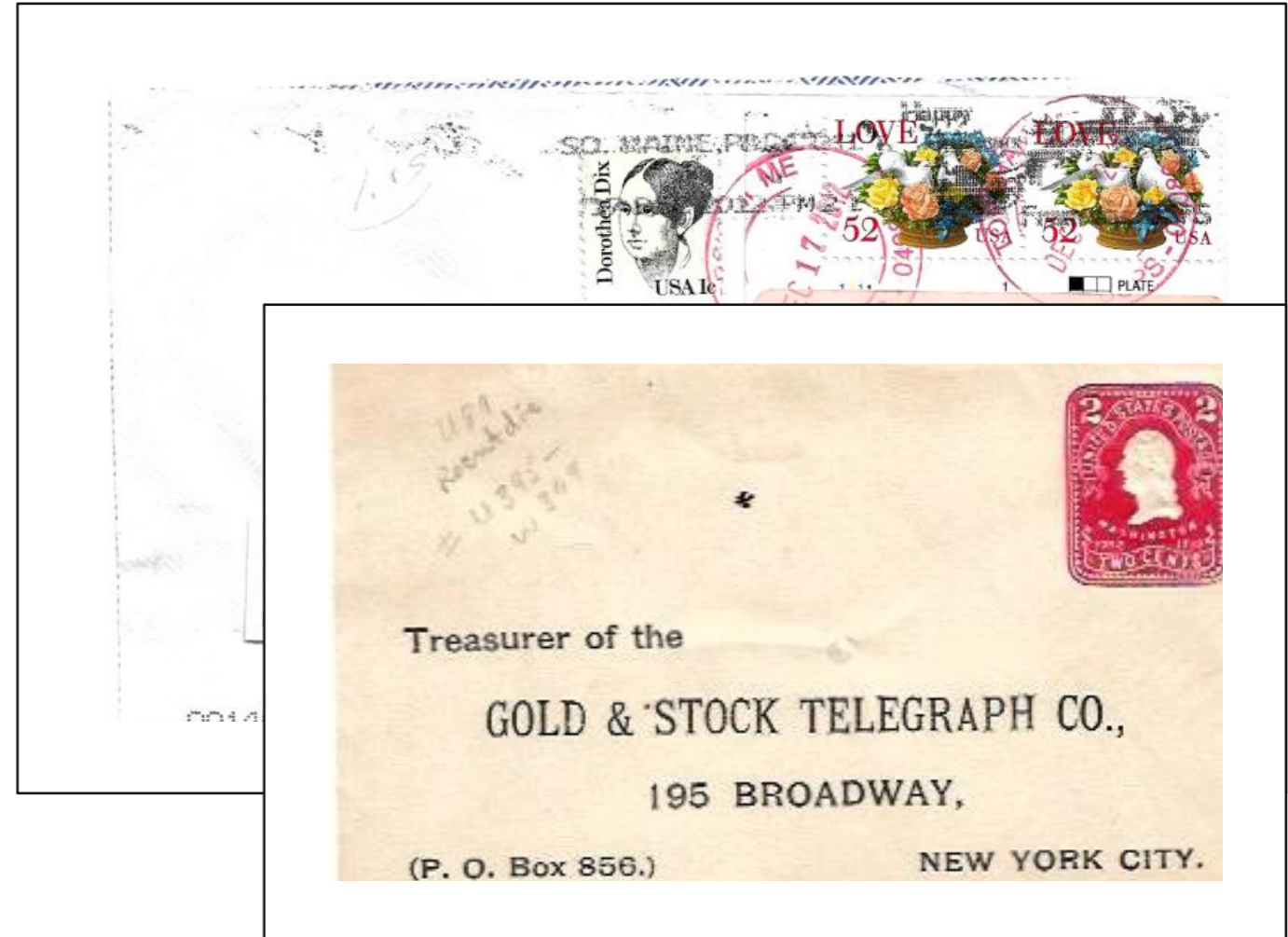
Vienna Gen. Hos. Dep. Of Psychiatry & Psychotherapy has two divisions: Gen. & Social Psychiatry emphasizes social & cultural factors in MH.

Postal cover of Municipal Hospital, Post mark 1897, Ville Lyon.



Le Vinatier in Lyon was a mental asylum, now a cultural center with green spaces. Fort Lyon was a military fort turned psychiatric facility, now transitional housing for homeless with substance abuse.

Dorothea Dix stamp on the used cover. Original Mint cover, of Gold & Stock Telegraph Co. NY City Postal value of that time -2 cent



Butler Hosp was founded with Dorothea Dix's help & offers specialised programs for women, children & adolescents in MH treatment.

Hebrew Asylum Cover, commercially used, year 1870. Post mark - New York City.



The Hebrew Orphanage and Industrial School provided education and skills training for destitute Black children. Despite its name, "asylum" was a common term for care institutions at the time.

Psychiatry, Asylum & Medicine

Psychiatry & Psychology had very long journey of treatment. From insane Asylum, Magic or witch craft, traditional heeling, bloodletting also ECT. On this showing - different types treatment phases.

Brain Chemistry is always link to MI, Colorful Brazil stamp, with depicting electric wave in the Brain.



Erwadi Mental asylum where patients were chained, after the fire broke out they could not be saved & 28 people died in the fire.

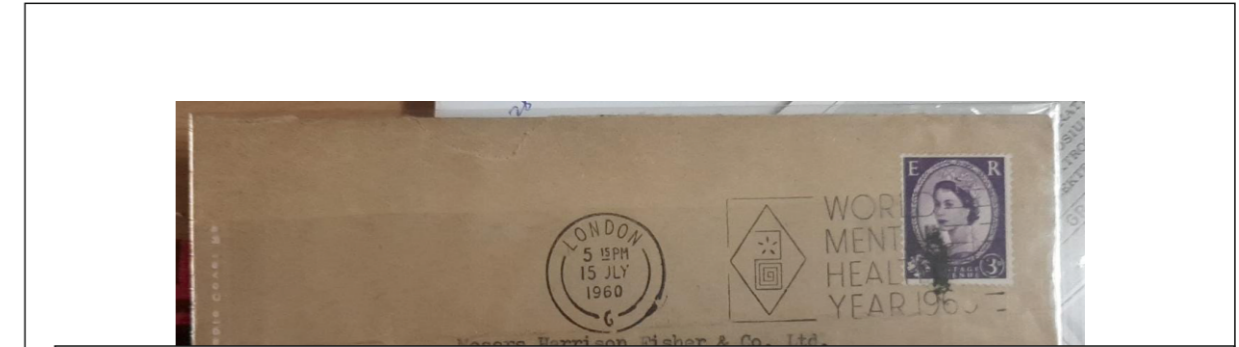
Manav Foundation in association with Mumbai post issued to commemorate the tragedy day. 6th aug. 2010.



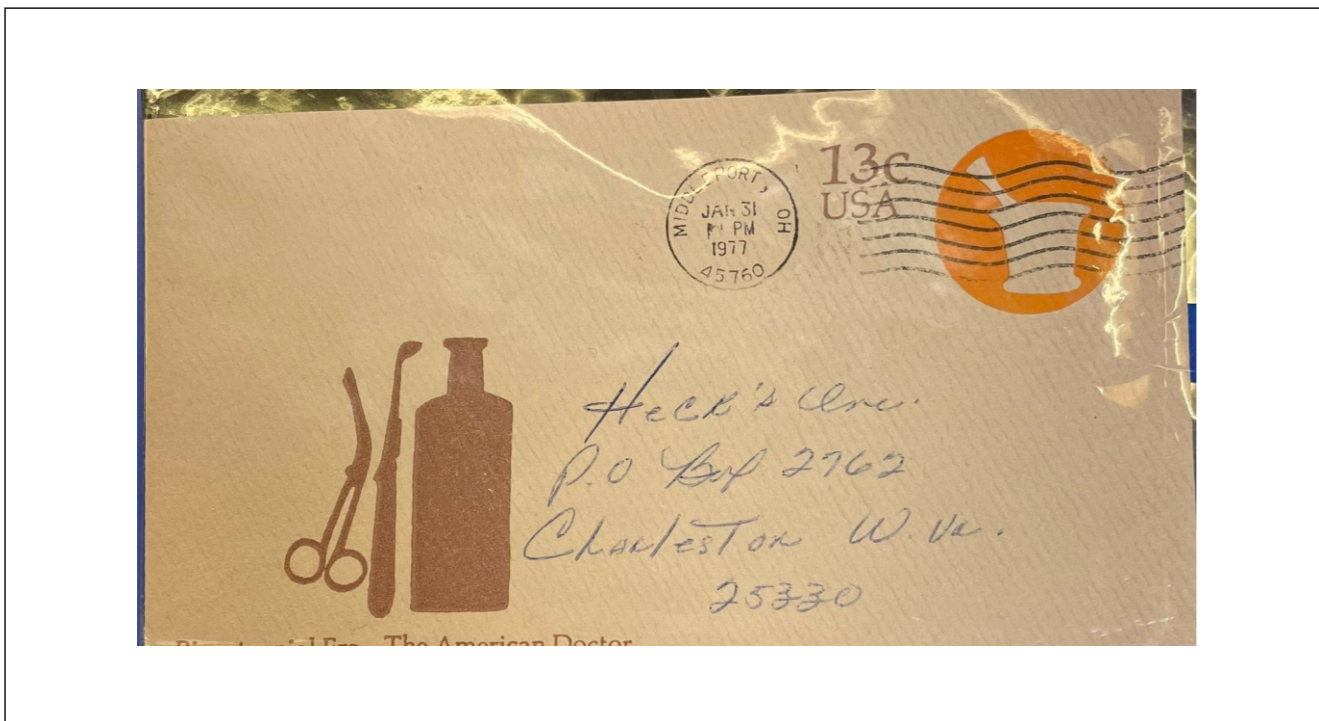
European Congress 6 Anesthesiology. Republic Ostrich, September, 1986.



World Mental Health Year - 1960

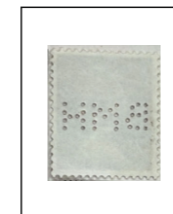


Postal stationary cover , imprint stamp, Cancellation, OHIO, USA, 1977.



Anaesthesia for ECT Electroconvulsive therapy

Bedlehm hos., Perfin stamp , uk ,7P.



Bethlehem Royal Hos., also known as Bedlam, is a psychiatric hospital in London, England. It has a long history dating back to the 13th century and has gained notoriety for its harsh treatment of patients in the past. Today, the hospital has modernised its approach to MH care and is known for its research and treatment of psychiatric disorders.

Bicentennial Era happing once in a period of 200 anniversary for the celebration of it synonym's Bicentenary type of day of Remembrance. Medicine imprint cover. This was to remember doctors from history of 200 years.

International symposium for Electrician Anesthesia for ECT-Electro-convulsive Therapy. Austria. 1969.

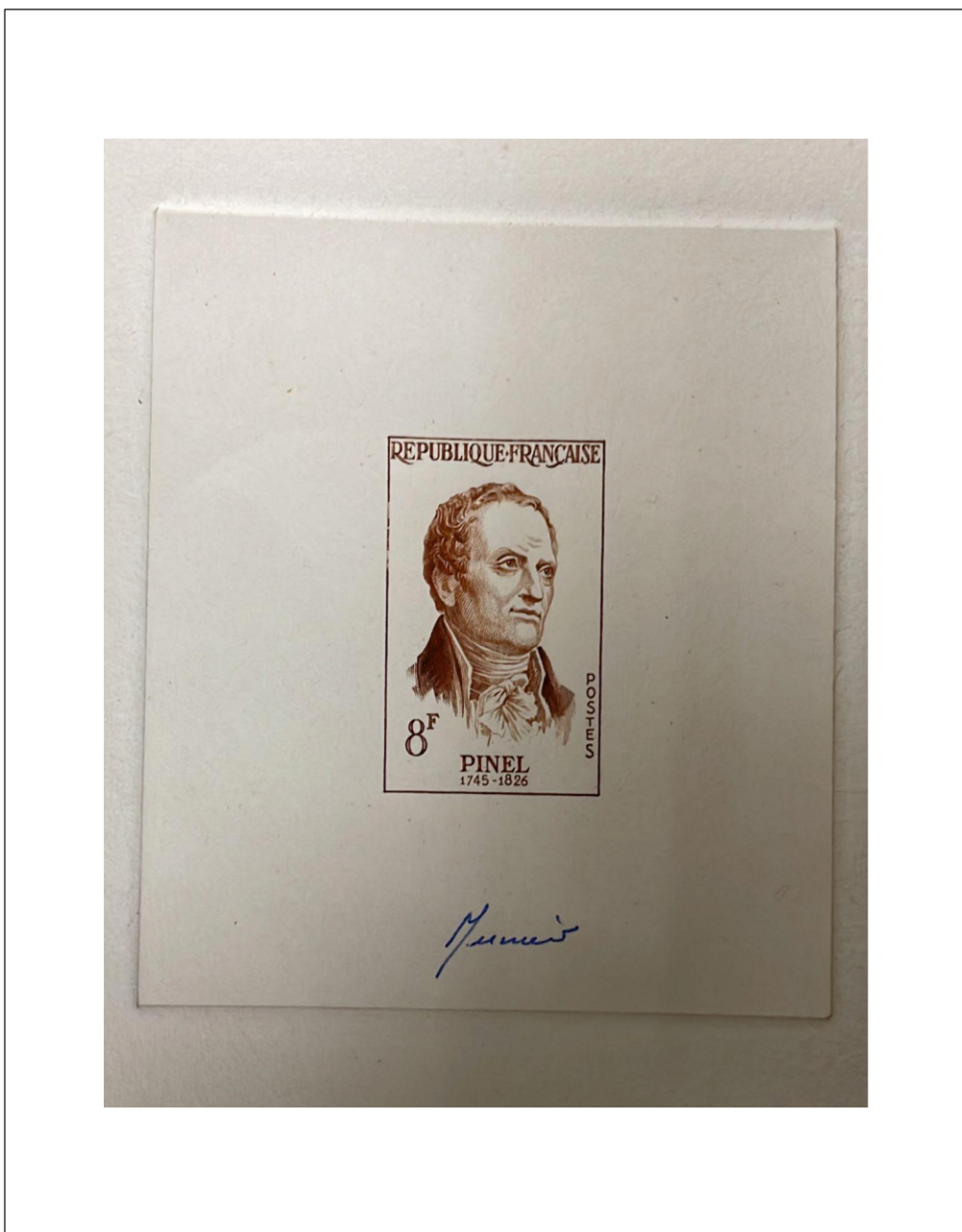


Madras Christian college, 1987, india , 1.50 paisa

The Institute of MH in Madras was established in 1794 for MI Europeans & later opened its doors to Indian patients. Today, it is one of the largest MH facilities in India, providing specialised care & serving as an academic centre for research & training.

Evolution- Phillippe Pinel, Johannes Weir, J.C. Schroeder

The Die proof of Phillippe Pinel, J.C. Schroeder, Johannes Wier



Phillipe Pinel (1745-1826) was a French physician and precursor of Psychiatry known for his development of a more humane approach to the care of psychiatric patients, referred to as moral therapy. He worked for the abolition of the shackling of mental patients and his ideas continue to be followed today.

The Human Brain –for centuries so many physician & philosopher, Neurologist & many more put their head to reach the root of MI, but still going onWith this India stamp image trying to put Brain into attention to get more attention....

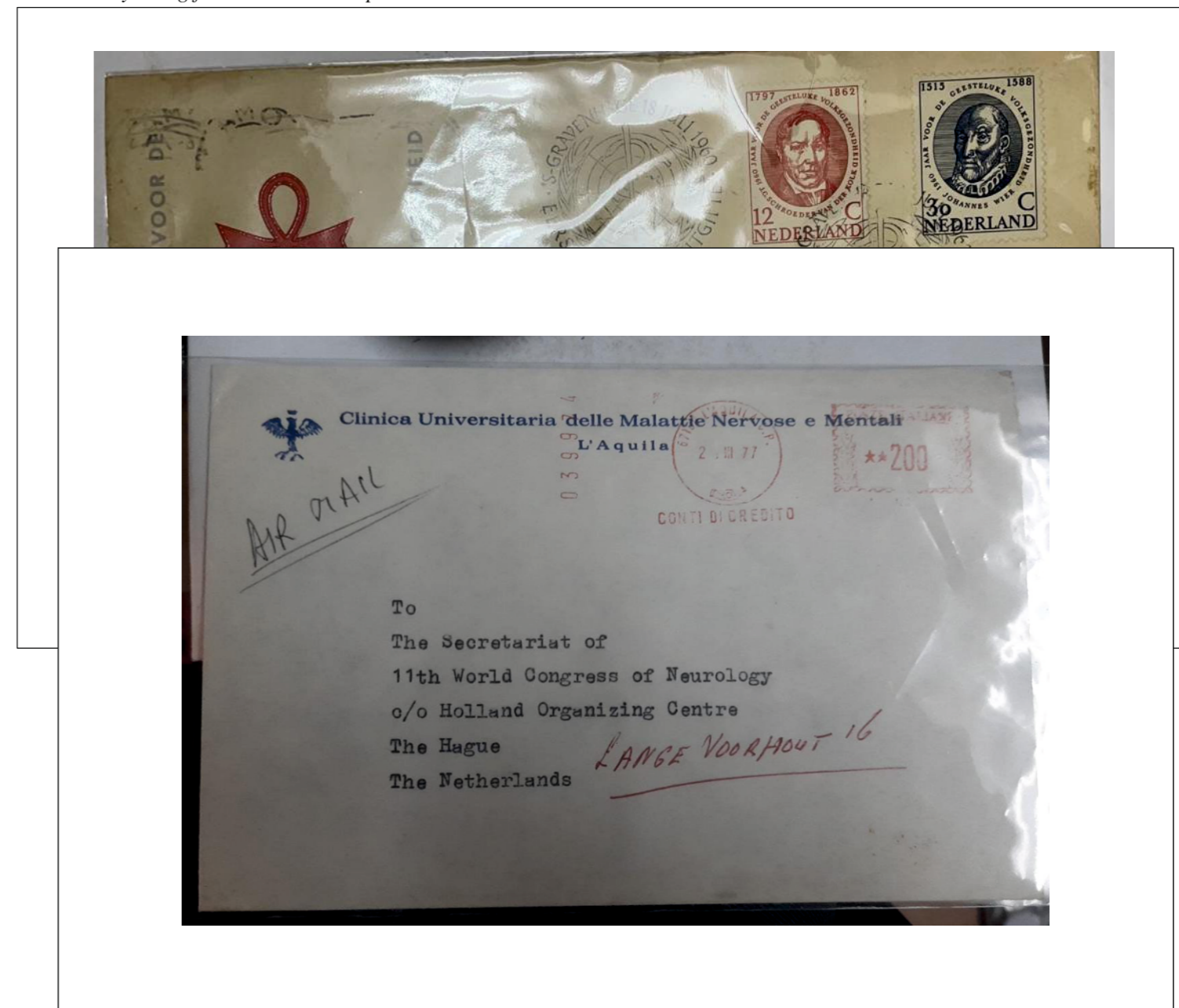


*Pinel –France
8 F signed die proof
Stamp issued –
1958*



*Air mail, Clinic,
Unveracity of
Nervous &
MentalDiseases.
Used cover, With
meter franking, year-
1977.*

Johannes Wier & J.C. Schroeder were two prominent figures in the field of psychiatry in the Netherlands, and they were honoured by being featured on a stamp in 1960.



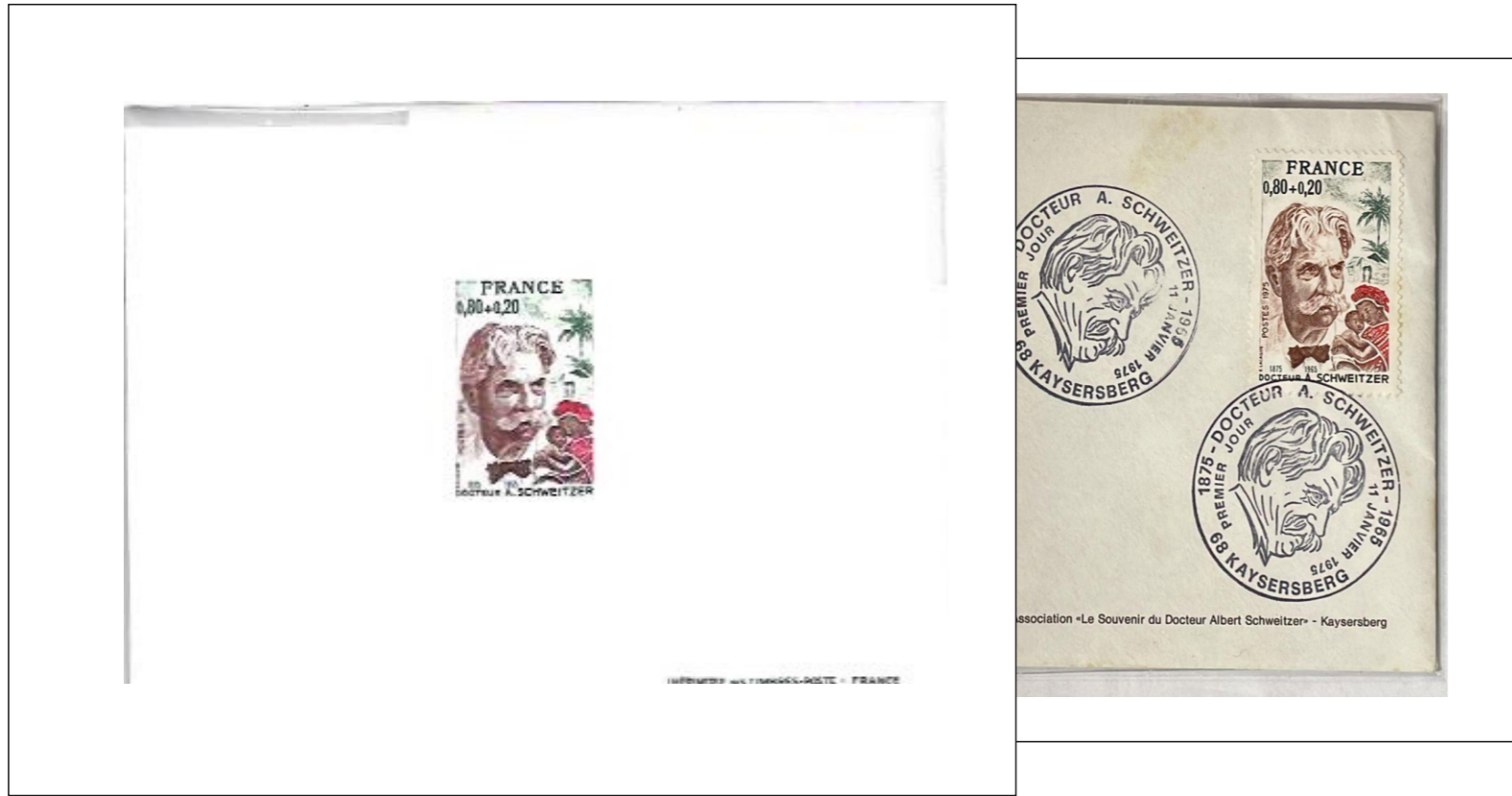
Johannes Wier (1515-1588) was a Dutch physician and humanist who advocated for the humane treatment of patients with mental illness. He believed that mental illness was a medical condition that should be treated with compassion, not punishment, and his ideas had a significant influence on the development of modern psychiatry.

J.C. Schroeder (1868-1962) was a Dutch psychiatrist known for his pioneering work in child and adolescent psychiatry. He emphasized the importance of a holistic approach to treating mental health issues in young people and creating a supportive environment for them. His legacy, alongside Wier's, continues to inspire and inform the field of psychiatry in the Netherlands and beyond.

Human Service

Albert Schweitzer is primarily known for his humanitarian work and philosophy. Albert Schweitzer's approach to healthcare emphasised the importance of holistic care, including their emotional, psychological, and spiritual needs. While not specifically focused on MH, his philosophy of Reverence for Life may suggest that MH treatment should aim to address the underlying factors that contribute to MH issues and support overall well-being, rather than just treating specific symptoms or diagnoses. Schweitzer's emphasis on compassionate care and the interconnectedness of all aspects of human experience may offer valuable insight for improving MH treatment and care.

Albert Schweitzer, Die proof card, France., Another Stamp and cancellation of Albert Schweitzer: 1965.France.



Albert Schweitzer - Has been doing a human service throughout his life. It has depicted -love, Hardworking, Courteous, Mutual Respect, Independent, Awareness, kind hearted, Thankful, living in Harmony and integrity. Schweitzer's work is not specifically focused on MH, his emphasis on compassionate care and the interconnectedness of all aspects of human experience may offer valuable insights for improving MH treatment & care.



She was featured on an Icelandic postage stamp in 2002 for her contribution in the field of Mental Health and environment.

Sesselja Sigmundsdóttir founded Sólheimar on July 5, 1930 as a home for special needs children and a center for organic horticulture. The land was blessed with a hot spring, enabling sustainable energy. The first building was erected in 1932 and Sesselja died in 1974. She is recognised for her contribution to Iceland.

Albert Schweitzer Black proof of Monaco stamp, imperf 200R



He aims to support overall well-being and address the underlying factors that contribute to MH issues. This could involve a range of interventions, from therapy and medication to lifestyle changes, social support and spiritual or philosophical practices.

Malaysia MS, Year 2011 Each stamp is for -60sen.



The stamps listed above showcase different human services depicted on stamps. Additional categories of human services that could be featured include disaster relief, mental health, homelessness, education, animal welfare, environmental conservation, healthcare workers, social services, aging population, and international aid. International aid stamps could highlight organisations and individuals providing aid to refugees and victims of war and conflict around the world.

Nursing

Nursing is a profession that has been around for centuries, with evidence of nursing-like practices dating back to ancient civilisations. The modern nursing profession was founded by Florence Nightingale in the mid-19th century, when she established the first nursing school and worked to improve the standards of care for patients. Since then, nursing has become a vital part of healthcare, with nurses providing essential services in a wide range of settings, from hospitals to clinics to homes. Today, nursing is a highly respected and rewarding profession, attracting people from all walks of life who are dedicated to improving the health and well-being of others.



Czechoslovakia stamp of Nursing profession.



Florence Nightingale popular lamp symbol stamp.
Country- Australia
1955
3-1/2P

Sister- Cecilia Makiwane-FDC,
Country-Ciskei
Cancellation—Lift as you Rise.
Year-1982

Florence Nightingale—Commemoration of Nurse Day. May 12th 1964.
Beautiful Pink cancellation of FN.
Country-Japan



Florence Nightingale Magazine Card, Issue 2020



Cecilia Makiwane was the first black registered nurse in South Africa, born on June 7, 1880, in Fort Beaufort. She became interested in nursing while working as a domestic servant. In 1908, she enrolled in the South African Native College's nursing school and trained for three years. After graduating in 1911, she worked at various hospitals in Cape Town, Johannesburg, and Kimberley. Makiwane faced discrimination and challenges during her career, but she was also an active participant in the struggle for social justice and political rights for black South Africans. She resigned from her nursing post in 1919 due to ill health caused by the physical and emotional strain of her work.

Florence Nightingale (1820-1910) was a British nurse, statistician & social reformer & writer. Pioneering work during the Crimean War. Her efforts to improve the hospital's sanitary conditions & her dedication to patient care greatly reduced the mortality rate among soldiers. She was the instrumental in establishing the first professional training school for nurses at St. Thomas' Hospital in London. "Nightingale's contributions to nursing & healthcare were recognised in her lifetime & she became the first woman to receive the Order of Merit in 1907. Despite facing significant challenges as a woman in a male-dominated field, her legacy continues to inspire nurses & healthcare professionals around the world. She is widely regarded as the founder of modern nursing, & her ideas on healthcare reform & patient care continue to influence healthcare policy & practice today

DR. EUGENE JAMOT / Sleep Sickness

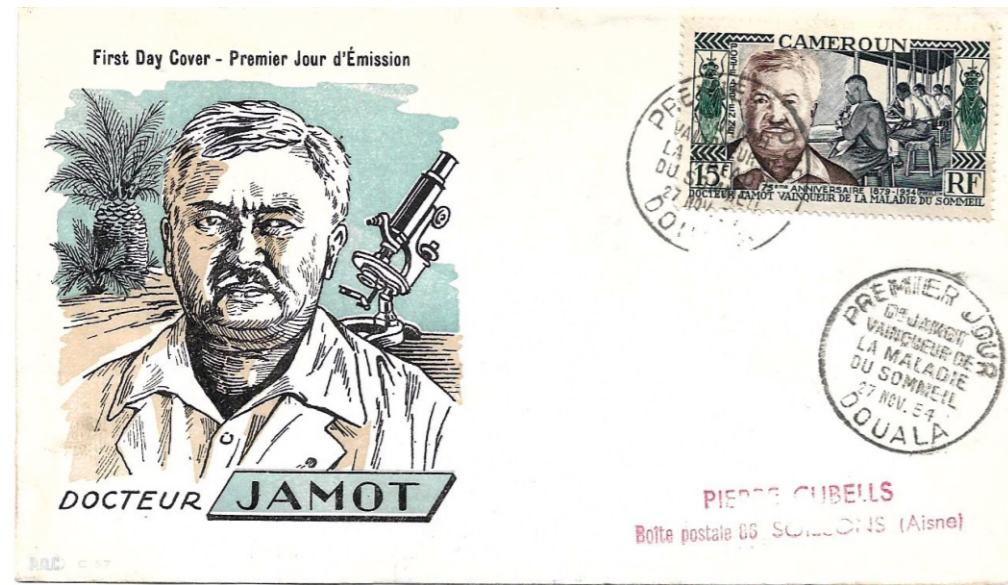


Germany, Children issue,
Year of issue-2010

Cozy & relax Child sleeping with Bear, cozy, comfortable, relax sleep children gets such sleep. because they are worry free.

Eugène Jamot (1879-1937) was a French doctor, from Pasteur Institute in Brazzaville, Congo in the early 1900s. He focused on researching and treating sleeping sickness, a disease caused by the tsetse fly that was devastating African communities at that time. Despite difficult conditions- he spend 25 years for understanding, research & treatment of this disease. If not treated, the parasite crosses the blood-brain barrier and invades the central nervous system causing advanced stage sleeping sickness. During this stage, people develop neuropsychiatric symptoms such as sleep disruption, confusion, lethargy, and convulsions. If left untreated, sleeping sickness is usually fatal. He received recognition for his achievements, including being honoured at the Colonial Exhibition of 1931. Jamot continued working until his death in 1937.

Dr JAMOT- Stamp
issued from Cameroun
in the year 1954
FDC -of the Dr Jamot
cover



Eugène Jamot was a French military doctor who dedicated 25 years of his life to fighting sleeping sickness in central African countries. He discovered that the tsetse fly was the vector for the disease and sent intervention teams to villages, reducing the incidence of trypanosomiasis in Cameroon. Sleeping sickness is characterized by symptoms such as fever, severe headaches, and extreme fatigue, and can cause



Support the cause, label
- fund raising

Sleep is a state of rest for the body and mind, and most people need at least seven hours of sleep per night. Lack of sleep can cause fatigue, poor concentration, and mood disturbances. Sleep disorders such as insomnia, sleep apnea, restless legs syndrome, and narcolepsy can be managed with proper treatment. Eugène Jamot, a French military doctor, dedicated 25 years to fighting sleeping sickness in central Africa, discovering that the tsetse fly was the disease vector. He sent intervention teams to villages in Cameroon, reducing the incidence of trypanosomiasis. Sleeping sickness can cause symptoms such as fever, headaches, fatigue, and neurologic problems if left untreated. Whether you have occasional sleep issues or a sleep disorder, you can learn to manage your condition and get better quality sleep.

médecin-colonel Eugène Jamot.



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